

Scheda a cura di
(Supervisione: Prof. Ezio Sanavio)

Titolo del test: B.D.I. : Beck Depression Inventory - English version

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Edizione: THE PSYCHOLOGICAL CORPORATION

- Ambito di utilizzo
 - Assessment clinico
 - Assessment individuale
 - Diagnosi di depressione nei pazienti con patologia psichiatrica
 - indagini sulla qualità
- Modello teorico di riferimento

Theory of depression (coherent to the DSM-III and IV). The Major Depressive Disorders's criteria are: 1) mood; 2) loss of interest; 3) weight loss; 4) insomnia; 5) agitation; 6) fatigability; 7) guilt; 8) concentration difficulty; 9) suicidal ideas.

- Costrutto misurato
 - depression
- Kit del test
 - Fascicolo (comprendente spazio per le risposte)
 - Manuale
- Somministrazione
 - Qualifica del somministratore del test
 - Psicologo iscritto all'albo
 - Qualifica del valutatore del test
 - Psicologo iscritto all'albo
 - Destinatari - Fasce d'età:
 - 12-15
 - 06-11
 - 16-18
 - Adulti
 - Anziani
 - 4-8 anni
 - Livello culturale:
 - cultura inferiore
 - cultura media

- cultura superiore
- Tempi di somministrazione:
 - h 5 minutes when self-administered, 15 when oral-administered; some extremely rigid patients may take half an hour.
- Tempi di correzione:
 - h about 2-3 minutes; total score is obtained by adding the rating given by the respondent to each item. It's important that the interviewer pays special attention to the items regarding suicide ideation, and that he gets a general idea of the distinctive syndrome of each patient.
- Modalità di somministrazione:
 - individuale
 - collettiva
 - con programma di scoring automatizzato
- Modalità di presentazione degli stimoli:
 - computerizzata
 - carta-matita
 - Istruzioni impartite verbalmente
- Materiale di stimolo e risposta:
 - Fascicolo con spazio per le risposte
- Modalità di correzione:
 - con griglia manuale
 - con programma di scoring automatizzato
- Modalità di risposta:
 - . The respondent has to choose the statement which best reflect his feeling in the last week.
- Forme:
 - Unica
 - Breve
- Eventuali connessioni

links: it may be used as confirmation to the MMPI's D-scale (Minnesota Multiphasic Inventory-2; S. R. Hathaway & J. C. McKinley) or to the CBA's QD-scale (Cognitive Behavioral Assessment; G. Bertolotti, P. Michielin, E. Sanavio, G. Simonetti, G. Vidotto, A.M. Zotti, 1977); it can be administered with the SAT-P (Satisfaction Profile; G. Majani, S. Callegari) to obtain a better view of the quality of life; as complement to the SCID (Structured Clinical Interview for the DSM-II-R; Robert L. Spitzer, Janet B. Williams et al.)
- Caratteristiche psicométriche
 - Attendibilità:

The BDI asks the examinee to describe itself for the past week, therefore is a useful tool to assess mood changes with the passage of time. The test-retest correlation ranged from .61 to .98 (Ambrosini et al., 1991) because, between pretests and posttest administration, changes from the effect of the passage of time and of the therapeutic intervention occurs. „The internal consistency ranged from .79 to .90 (Cronbach's coefficient alpha) depending on the examined group.

- Validità concorrente:

,h It has been found an high correlations between the BDI and other measures of depression, like the MMPI-D Scale, the Zung Self-Rating Depression Scale, the Hamilton Psychiatric Rating Scale for Depression (HRSD), the SCL-90-R's Depression Dejection scale and the MMPI's Depression Scale „h The correlation between BDI and clinical ratings is .72 for the psychiatric sample e .60 for the non-psychiatric sample.

- Validità - ulteriori informazioni:

The factor analytic studies, both with psychiatric and non-psychiatric samples, shows that the number of factors depends on the extraction procedure. The BDI represents one underlying general syndrome of depression which can be decomposed into three different factors: cognitive-affective, performance and somatic complaints (Beck & Steer, 1993).

- Campioni normativi:

The manual presents six normative samples employed by the Center for Cognitive Therapy,CCT): (a) patients with mixed DSM-II diagnoses, (b) patients with single-episode Major Depressive Disorders, (c) patients with recurrent-episodes Major Depressive Disorders, (d) patients with Dysthymic Disorders, (e) alcoholics, (f) Heroin addicts.

- Dati normativi:

The means, standard deviations, percentages of item endorsement, corrected item-total correlation and reliability for each samples are shown in table2 of the Manual.

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- Commenti

In 1996 has been published the Second Edition of the Beck Depression Inventory coherent to the DSM-IV (BDI-II, A.T: Beck et al.).